

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE **Patent and Trademark Office**

Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS

Washington, D.C. 20231

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR

09/123,614

FILING DATE

APPLICATION NO.

07/28/98

MIDDLEMAN

12032

QM12/0204

EXAMINER

SHELDON & MARK ATTN KARIN E PETERKS 225 SOUTH LAKE AVENUE 9TH FLOOR PASADENA CA 91101

RODRIGUEZ, C **ART UNIT** PAPER NUMBER

3763

DATE MAILED:

02/04/00

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or pr ceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)	-1 0
Office Action Summary	09/123,614	Middleman	el el
	Examiner	Group Art Unit 3 76 3	
		0 0165	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet b	eneath the correspondence a	ddress
P riod for Reply	え		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	TO EXPIRE 3	MONTH(S) FROM THE MA	ILING DATE
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a If NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by defau Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta 	reply within the statutory minim it, expire SIX (6) MONTHS fror	num of thirty (30) days will be conside in the mailing date of this communicat	red timely. ion .
Status	,		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on//_/	199		
☐ This action is FINAL .			
 Since this application is in condition for allowance except accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 19 			sed in
Disp sition of Claims			
XClaim(s)		is/are pending in the app	olication.
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Claim(s)} & 1-23 \\ \text{Of the above claim(s)} & 3-6, 12-21 \end{array}$			onsideration.
$\Box \text{ Claim(s)} \qquad 1, 2, 7-11 + 22$ $\angle \text{Claim(s)} \qquad 1, 2, 7-11 + 22$		is/are allowed.	
\times Claim(s) $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{7}$ $\frac{7}{11}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$		is/are rejected.	
□ Claim(s)		is/are objected to.	
□ Claim(s)	•		or election
Application Papers		requirement.	
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawi	ng Review, PTO-948.		
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is □ approved	☐ disapproved.	
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are objection	• •		
$\hfill\Box$ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	• •		
	• •		
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.	• •		
 □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d) □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority to a claim foreign priority to a claim foreign priority to	cted to by the Examiner. under 35 U.S.C. § 11 9(a)-	* *	
 □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d) □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority and all □ Some* □ None of the CERTIFIED copies on □ received. 	cted to by the Examiner. under 35 U.S.C. § 11 9(a)- f the priority documents he	ave been	
 □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d) □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority to a claim foreign priority to a claim foreign priority to	cted to by the Examiner. under 35 U.S.C. § 11 9(a)- f the priority documents he	ave been	
 □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d) □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority to a claim foreign priority to a claim foreign priority to a claim foreign priority to a cl	cted to by the Examiner. under 35 U.S.C. § 11 9(a)- f the priority documents have per) ternational Bureau (PCT f	ave been Rule 1 7.2(a)).	
 □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d) □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority in the compact of the CERTIFIED copies of the certified in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number of the certified copies not received: 	cted to by the Examiner. under 35 U.S.C. § 11 9(a)- f the priority documents have per) ternational Bureau (PCT f	ave been Rule 1 7.2(a)).	
 □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d) □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority in the compact of the CERTIFIED copies of the copies of the copies. □ received. □ received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number of the copies of the code of	under 35 U.S.C. § 11 9(a)- f the priority documents have per) ternational Bureau (PCT f	ave been Rule 1 7.2(a)).	
 □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d) □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority to a claim foreign priority to a claim foreign priority to	under 35 U.S.C. § 11 9(a)- f the priority documents have per) ternational Bureau (PCT F	ave been	ition, PTO-15

U. S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 9-97)

Part of Paper No. ______

Art Unit: 3763

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restriction

Applicant's election with traverse of species B)figure 5 claims 1, 2, 7-11 and 22 in Paper 1. No. 4 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that generic claim 1 includes sufficiently few species that a search and examination of the species A-F would have not impose a serious burden on the examiner. This is found in part persuasive because the Examiner agrees with Applicant that claim 1 is generic to claims 1-13 and 22 at this moment. However, the Examiner disagrees in that the search and examination of the species A-F would have not impose a serious burden on the examiner. According to the MPEP 806.04(e), claims may be restricted to a single disclosed embodiment (i.e. a single species, and thus be designated a specific species claim), or a claim may include two or more of the disclosed embodiments within the breadth and scope of definition (and thus be designated a generic or genus claim). Species are always the specifically different embodiments. In section 806.04(f), set forth a test to check for mutually exclusive characteristics: "Claims to be restricted to different species must be mutually exclusive. The general test as to when claims are restricted, respectively, to different species is the fact that one claim recites limitations which under the disclosure are found in a first species but not in a second, while a second claim recites limitations disclosed only for the second species and not the first. This is frequently expressed by saying that claims to be restricted to different species, must recite the mutually exclusive characteristics of such species." This test has being applied to the claims

Page 3

Art Unit: 3763

and have been found that the claims are mutually exclusive. Therefore, as being drawn to independent species could have been a burden for the examiner for search and examination.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

2. Claims 3-6, 12-21 and 23 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected species, the requirement having been traversed in Paper No. 5.

3. Please, note that claims 3-6, 12 and 13 have been withdrawn by the Examiner as being drawn to a non-elected species.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 5. Claims 1, 2, 10, 11, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hayman et al(5,267,960).

Hayman et al disclose a device comprising a tubular element having a flexible, elongated hollow tubular lumen 15, a deployment means 13, and a plurality of resilient anchoring members 21,23 as claimed.

j

Art Unit: 3763

ÿ

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hayman et al in view of Cathcart et al(5,681,347).

Hayman et al disclose a back bone wire 25(guidewire) substantially as claimed. However, Hayman et al does not disclose a collar member coupled to the distal end of the guidewire.

- Cathcart et al teaches a guidewire 17,31 having a collar 20 coupled to the distal end of the guidewire for support and displacement of the inner tubular member. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Hayman et al by providing the collar to the back bone wire 25(guidewire) as shown by Cathcart et al in order to provide support and displacement to the inner member.
- 9. Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hayman et al in view of Abrams(5,492,119).

Hayman et al disclose the invention substantially as claimed. However, Hayman et al does not disclose the anchoring members comprising a pseudo elastic material, and being nickel titanium alloy.

Art Unit: 3763

Abrams teaches a catheter apparatus comprising control wires having curved feet made of nitinol for anchoring purposes. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Hayman et al by providing the pseudo elastic material nitinol as well known by Abrams for anchoring purposes.

Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Green et al., Lefebvre, Suma, Clark et al., Bar-Cohen et al, Sachdeva et al., Chin et al, Schreiner, Kirkman, Ortiz et al., Yoon et al., and Laptewicz et al all disclose devices analogous to that as claimed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cris L. Rodriguez whose telephone number is (703) 308-2194. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:30am to 4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, Corrine McDermott can be reached on (703) 308-2111. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 305-3590.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0858.

January 31, 2000

CORRINE McDERMOTT PRIMARY EXAMINER